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Population Survey of the Texas Diamondback Terrapin in San Antonio Bay, Matagorda Bay, and Sabine Lake: Preliminary Results





Mandi Moss, George Guillen, Bryan Alleman, Rachel George University of Houston – Clear Lake – Environmental Institute of Houston Aransas National Wildlife Refuge Research Symposium

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Diamondback Terrapin (Malaclemys terrapin)



- Range: New England to Florida and Texas
- Diet: hard-bodied invertebrates (Littorina spp.)
- Multi-clutch (1-3 clutches; 4-22 eggs per clutch) (Brennessel 2006)
- 7 subspecies (Ernst and Lovich 2009)

Texas Diamondback Terrapin (*Malaclemys terrapin littoralis*)

- W. Louisiana to Baffin Bay
- Status unknown
- Deep carapace, terminal knobs on median keel

General Texas Life History



- Seasonal brumation: mud or creek bottom
- Active late February-early November
 - Breeding: March-April
 - Nesting: April May
- Hatching: temperature dependent (60-73 days)
- Mature males
 - Average 9 cm
 - 3-7 years old

Mature females

Average 12.2-17.6 cm

~6-13 years old

Factors Responsible for Decline

- Historical targeted harvest
- Bycatch (other fisheries)
 - 1940s: wire crab trap developed
 - Use expanded through bay systems
 - Present: used exclusively in the Texas Blue Crab fishery
- Loss of critical shell substrate through commercial shell dredging
 - Used for nesting
- Accelerated coastal development in 1940's-1970's
 - Large losses of coastal wetlands
 - Destruction of nesting beaches



Concerns in Texas

- Population status unknown
 - Mixed information
 - Lack of long-term monitoring
 - Lack of standardized methods
- Thought to be sensitive to local extirpations
- Commercial crab fishery <u>bycatch</u>
- Habitat loss
- Vessel collisions



Need for Coast-wide Assessment

Previous data collected in:

- Nueces Bay
- Galveston Bay
- E. Matagorda Bay
- Data Lacking:
 - Aransas Bay
 - Copano
 - Corpus Christi
 - San Antonio
 - Matagorda
 - Sabine Lake



- Recent studies in Sabine indicate large marsh population on LA side (Selman and Baccigalopi 2012)
- NEED information from biologists, naturalists etc.
- Old "newspaper" accounts especially helpful

Current Research

- Population Distribution San Antonio Bay, Matagorda Bay and Sabine Lake
- Funded by TPWD Grant (2 year study)
- Goal Using literature (gray and published) and new field data attempt to update information on:
 - Distribution
 - Density
 - Demographics

Objectives

- Compile historical database for distribution and sightings along the Texas coast
- Perform field searches in historically known and previously undocumented areas along Texas coast through Sabine Lake, Matagorda Bay, and San Antonio Bay
- Compile modern database for distribution and sightings along the Texas coast

Site Selection

San Antonio Bay 1

ArcGIS Modeling Randomized locations Clusters of sites within bay systems NWR Ramp? Sabine: 60 sites; 7 clusters Matagorda: 100 sites; 14 clusters • • San Antonio: 100 sites; 9 clusters Randomly selected site visits Included "suitable" and "non-suitable sites"

Google earth

2014 Google USFWS 95

Methods

- Perform field searches in historically known and previously undocumented areas along Texas coast through Sabine Lake, Matagorda Bay, and San Antonio Bay
 - Modified crab traps
 - Head count surveys
 - Walking transect surveys



Field Survey Results

- 4 sites fully sampled within Aransas NWR
 - 2 Matagorda Island
 - 0 terrapin observed with any sampling method
- Within San Antonio Bay
 - 8 sites fully sampled
 - 0 terrapin observed with any sampling method
- Matagorda Bay and Sabine Lake
 - Terrapin captured at 5 of 24 sites sampled (n = 24)





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Methods

- Compile modern database for distribution and sightings along the Texas coast
 - Online questionnaire
 - Agency officials, fisherman, crabbers, charter captains, eco-tourism representatives, etc.
 - Open from April-August
 - 8 major bay systems
 - Clickable map for location identification
 - Estimated # terrapins observed
 - Season observed

Survey Results

200+ individuals sent link to survey

- 75% responded (n = 158)
- 36% completed surveys (n = 76)
- 155 terrapin sightings recorded
 - 6 of 8 bay systems with confirmed sightings

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> 1700 estimated terrapin reported

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Survey Results - Seasonality

- Most often observed in summer (40.7% of responses)
 - Most active time of year (nesting/mating)
 - Humans also more active
- Spring = 28.3% of responses
- Fall = 16.4% of responses
- Least often observed in winter (5.8% of responses)
 - Period of brumation

HAVE YOU SEEN ME?



The Environmental Institute of Houston (EIH) is researching Texas Diamondback Terrapins, in cooperation with Texas Parks and Wildlife and the US Fish and Wildlife Service. If you have seen one of these turtles, please call our main office at 281-283-3950 or email eih@uhcl.edu with the following information:

Location (GPS coordinates if possible) Any photographs you may have s near Goose Isla Your name/contact information erRegreational fisherman repo "Have You Seen Me?" fliers Terrapin on land Terrapin swimming



Please do not pick up or disturb any of the terrapins you may see. Thank you!

For more information about this and other projects, please visit our website: <u>http://prtl.uhcl.edu/portal/page/portal/EIH/research</u>



Summary

- Compile historical database for distribution and sightings along the Texas coast
- Perform field searches in historically known and previously undocumented areas along Texas coast through Sabine Lake, Matagorda Bay, and San Antonio Bay
 - No terrapin found in Aransas NWR
- Compile modern database for distribution and sightings along the Texas coast
 - Large response pool
 - Terrapin observed in all mid-upper coast bay systems

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- Texas Parks and Wildlife Department
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- Louisiana Department of Wildlife Fisheries
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- Survey responders
- Graduate student and local volunteers

